

Current Transducer LF 305-S

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

$$I_{PN} = 300 \text{ A}$$



16167

Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal current rms	300	A			
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range	0 .. ± 500	A			
R_M	Measuring resistance	$R_{M \min}$	$R_{M \max}$			
		with $\pm 12 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 300 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0	39	Ω
			@ $\pm 500 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0	12	Ω
		with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 300 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0	58	Ω
			@ $\pm 500 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0	22	Ω
	with $\pm 20 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 300 \text{ A}_{\max}$	15	93	Ω	
		@ $\pm 500 \text{ A}_{\max}$	15	45	Ω	
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal current rms	150	mA			
K_N	Conversion ratio	1 : 2000				
V_C	Supply voltage ($\pm 5 \%$)	$\pm 12 \dots 20$	V			
I_C	Current consumption	$26 (@ \pm 20\text{V}) + I_S$	mA			

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X_G	Overall accuracy @ $I_{PN}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.4	%	
ϵ_L	Linearity error	< 0.1	%	
I_O	Offset current @ $I_p = 0, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Typ	Max	
			± 0.20	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current ¹⁾ @ $I_p = 0$ and specified R_M , after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$		± 0.08	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O - $10^\circ\text{C} \dots +70^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.1	± 0.30	mA
t_{ra}	Reaction time @ 10 % of I_{PN}	< 500	ns	
t_r	Response time ²⁾ to 90 % of I_{PN} step	< 1	μs	
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 100	A/ μs	
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB)	DC .. 100	kHz	

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 10 .. + 70	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 .. + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	25	Ω
m	Mass	95	g
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	

Notes: ¹⁾ The result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit

²⁾ With a di/dt of 100 A/ μs .

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

- Industrial.

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Isolation characteristics

V_d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min	3.8	kV
\hat{V}_w	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μ s	10	kV
		Min	
dCp	Creepage distance	11.9	mm
dCI	Clearance distance	11.5	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group II)	175	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCI, \hat{V}_w	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	1000 V	1000 V
Reinforced isolation	500 V	500 V

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

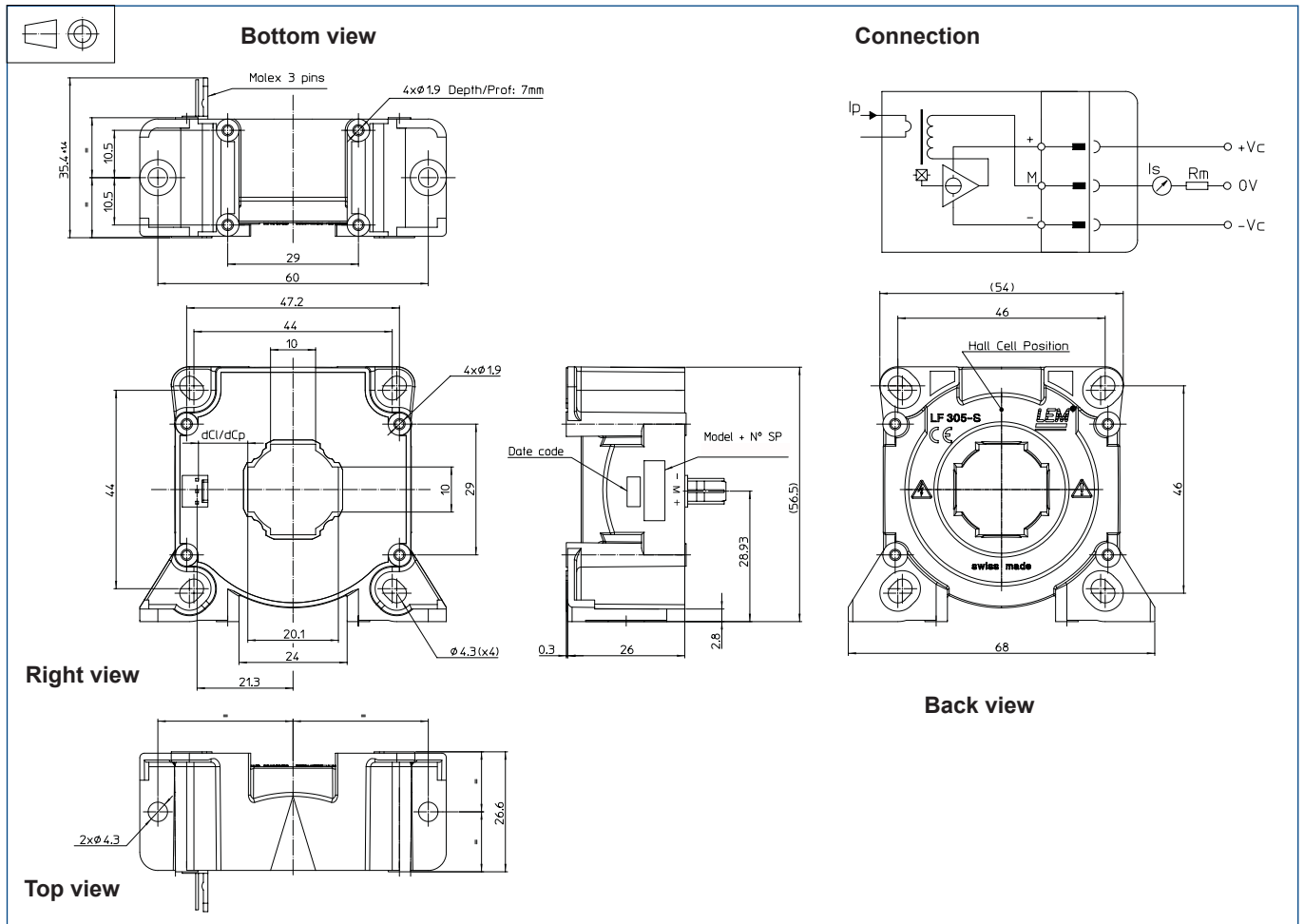
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LF 305-S (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening
 - Vertical position
 - 2 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ mm
 - 2 steel screws M4
 - Recommended fastening torque or
 - 3.2 Nm or 2.37 Lb.-Ft.
 - 4 holes $\varnothing 1.9$ mm, depth: 7 mm
 - 4 screws PTKA 25, length: 6 mm
 - Recommended fastening torque or
 - 0.7 Nm or 0.52 Lb.-Ft.
 - Flat lying position
 - 4 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ mm
 - 4 steel screws M4
- Recommended fastening torque or
 - 3.2 Nm or 2.37 Lb.-Ft.
 - 4 holes $\varnothing 1.9$ mm, crossing
 - 4 screws PTKA 25, length: 10 mm
- Recommended fastening torque
 - 0.75 Nm or 0.55 Lb.-Ft.
- Primary through-hole $\varnothing 20$ mm
- Connection of secondary MOLEX 6410
3 Tin plated pins

Remarks

- I_S is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow. Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C .
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.